

STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2nd Session of the 56th Legislature (2018)

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR ENGROSSED
HOUSE BILL NO. 2632

By: Babinec, Ritze, Montgomery,
Humphrey, Roberts (Sean),
Faught and Downing of the
House

and

Bergstrom of the Senate

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

An Act relating to firearms; amending 21 O.S. 2011,
Section 1289.25, as amended by Section 2, Chapter
266, O.S.L. 2017 (21 O.S. Supp. 2017, Section
1289.25), which relates to the use of deadly force;
expanding right to use deadly force at certain
places; defining term; and providing an effective
date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 21 O.S. 2011, Section 1289.25, as
amended by Section 2, Chapter 266, O.S.L. 2017 (21 O.S. Supp. 2017,
Section 1289.25), is amended to read as follows:

Section 1289.25

PHYSICAL OR DEADLY FORCE AGAINST INTRUDER

A. The Legislature hereby recognizes that the citizens of the
State of Oklahoma have a right to expect absolute safety within

1 their own homes ~~or~~, places of business or places of worship and have
2 the right to establish policies regarding the possession of weapons
3 on property pursuant to the provisions of Section 1290.22 of this
4 title.

5 B. A person, regardless of official capacity or lack of
6 official capacity, within a place of worship or a person, an owner,
7 manager or employee of a business is presumed to have held a
8 reasonable fear of imminent peril of death or great bodily harm to
9 himself or herself or another when using defensive force that is
10 intended or likely to cause death or great bodily harm to another
11 if:

12 1. a. The person against whom the defensive force was used
13 was in the process of unlawfully and forcefully
14 entering, or had unlawfully and forcibly entered, a
15 dwelling, residence, occupied vehicle, ~~or a~~ place of
16 business or place of worship, or if that person had
17 removed or was attempting to remove another against
18 the will of that person from the dwelling, residence,
19 occupied vehicle, ~~or place of business; and~~ or place
20 of worship.

21 ~~2.~~ b. The person who uses defensive force knew or had reason
22 to believe that an unlawful and forcible entry or
23 unlawful and forcible act was occurring or had
24 occurred; or

1 2. The person who uses defensive force knew or had a reasonable
2 belief that the person against whom the defensive force was used
3 entered or was attempting to enter into a dwelling, residence,
4 occupied vehicle, place of business or place of worship for the
5 purpose of committing a forcible felony, as defined in Section 733
6 of this title, and that the defensive force was necessary to prevent
7 the commission of the forcible felony.

8 C. The presumption set forth in subsection B of this section
9 does not apply if:

10 1. The person against whom the defensive force is used has the
11 right to be in or is a lawful resident of the dwelling, residence,
12 or vehicle, such as an owner, lessee, or titleholder, and there is
13 not a protective order from domestic violence in effect or a written
14 pretrial supervision order of no contact against that person;

15 2. The person or persons sought to be removed are children or
16 grandchildren, or are otherwise in the lawful custody or under the
17 lawful guardianship of, the person against whom the defensive force
18 is used; or

19 3. The person who uses defensive force is engaged in an
20 unlawful activity or is using the dwelling, residence, occupied
21 vehicle, ~~or~~ place of business or place of worship to further an
22 unlawful activity.

23 D. A person who is not engaged in an unlawful activity and who
24 is attacked in any other place where he or she has a right to be has

1 no duty to retreat and has the right to stand his or her ground and
2 meet force with force, including deadly force, if he or she
3 reasonably believes it is necessary to do so to prevent death or
4 great bodily harm to himself or herself or another or to prevent the
5 commission of a forcible felony.

6 E. A person who unlawfully and by force enters or attempts to
7 enter the dwelling, residence, occupied vehicle of another person,
8 ~~or~~ a place of business or place of worship is presumed to be doing
9 so with the intent to commit an unlawful act involving force or
10 violence.

11 F. A person who uses defensive force, as permitted pursuant to
12 the provisions of subsections A, B, ~~and~~ D and E of this section, is
13 justified in using such defensive force and is immune from criminal
14 prosecution and civil action for the use of such defensive force.
15 As used in this subsection, the term "criminal prosecution" includes
16 charging or prosecuting the defendant.

17 G. A law enforcement agency may use standard procedures for
18 investigating the use of defensive force, but the law enforcement
19 agency may not arrest the person for using defensive force unless it
20 determines that there is probable cause that the defensive force
21 that was used was unlawful.

22 H. The court shall award reasonable attorney fees, court costs,
23 compensation for loss of income, and all expenses incurred by the
24 defendant in defense of any civil action brought by a plaintiff if

1 the court finds that the defendant is immune from prosecution as
2 provided in subsection F of this section.

3 I. The provisions of this section and the provisions of the
4 Oklahoma Self-Defense Act shall not be construed to require any
5 person using a weapon pursuant to the provisions of this section to
6 be licensed in any manner.

7 J. A person pointing a weapon at a perpetrator in self-defense
8 or in order to thwart, stop or deter a forcible felony or attempted
9 forcible felony shall not be deemed guilty of committing a criminal
10 act.

11 K. As used in this section:

12 1. "Defensive force" includes, but shall not be limited to,
13 pointing a weapon at a perpetrator in self-defense or in order to
14 thwart, stop or deter a forcible felony or attempted forcible
15 felony;

16 2. "Dwelling" means a building or conveyance of any kind,
17 including any attached porch, whether the building or conveyance is
18 temporary or permanent, mobile or immobile, which has a roof over
19 it, including a tent, and is designed to be occupied by people;

20 3. "Place of worship" means:

21 a. any permanent building, structure, facility or office
22 space owned, leased, rented or borrowed, on a full-
23 time basis, when used for worship services, activities
24 and business of the congregation, which may include,

1 but not be limited to, churches, temples, synagogues
2 and mosques, and

3 b. any permanent building, structure, facility or office
4 space owned, leased, rented or borrowed for use on a
5 temporary basis, when used for worship services,
6 activities and business of the congregation including,
7 but not limited to, churches, temples, synagogues and
8 mosques;

9 4. "Residence" means a dwelling in which a person resides
10 either temporarily or permanently or is visiting as an invited
11 guest; and

12 ~~4.~~ 5. "Vehicle" means a conveyance of any kind, whether or not
13 motorized, which is designed to transport people or property.

14 SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2018.

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